

Jacksonville Daily Journal.

JACKSONVILLE, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 7, 1904.

WRECK ON ROCK ISLAND

**TWENTY PERSONS KILLED;
THIRTY SEVEN INJURED**

**William Wells of This City is
Among the Killed—Passenger
and Freight Train Collide
While Running at Rapid Rate**

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 6.—The California Mexico express, which left Chicago Monday night, collided with an east bound stock train early to day 30 miles west of Willard, Kan. Twenty persons were instantly killed, several fatally injured and a large number slightly hurt. Two coaches were demolished, both locomotives destroyed, four carloads of stock demolished and dozens of animals killed. Both trains were running full speed and came together with a terrific impact.

The passenger train was composed of a combination baggage and mail, regular baggage, smoker, tourist sleeper and standard sleeper. The smoker, which was occupied by only two or three men, was overturned and telescoped the car behind it, which was crowded with passengers. Most of those in the forward end were killed instantly, but thirty in the rear succeeded in escaping. Those killed were crushed to death in their seats. When rescue was finally possible only three living persons, a man, woman and small girl were taken out alive. Rescuers were forced to creep through the side of the car to rescue them.

A relief train with a dozen doctors aboard reached the wreck as soon as possible to get through and doctors began the work of relieving the injured. All the dead and injured were taken to Topeka, where the latter were placed in hospitals. Some of the bodies taken from the wreck were so badly crushed as to be unrecognizable.

According to the passenger conductor the wreck was caused by the freight crew running off schedule. The passenger train had the right of way, he declared, and the freight train should have waited for it to pass at Maple Hill, six miles west of the scene of collision. The wreck occurred at a curve.

The hero of the wreck was Dr. Bell, of New York City, a young physician, himself crippled and walking on crutches. The doctor, although slightly hurt as result of the collision, was the first man to leave the Pullman sleeper, which was not damaged. Struggling heroically forward on crutches he immediately assumed charge of the rescue work, directing the removal of injured to the sleepers. He allayed the pain of the injured as much as possible without medicine or instruments, bandaged broken legs and arms with strips torn from sheets and pillow slips, and administered what whiskey at hand to deaden the pain. He saved the life of the fireman by tying an artery with the aid of a penknife and piece of string. After working until nearly exhausted, Dr. Bell only gave way when physicians arrived from Topeka.

According to officials of the Rock Island here S. J. Benjamin, engineer of the passenger train, failed to regard his orders to meet the freight at Willard. It is believed Benjamin either forgot the orders or disregarded them. He saved himself by jumping.

THE DEAD.
WILLIAM J. WELLS, Jacksonville, Ill.
MRS. HENRY K. KAIGER, Durham, Kan.
W. S. MARTIN, residence unknown.
RAY FULLER, Blocton, Iowa.
E. RANKIN, DeKalb, Mo.
E. E. MYERS, Buffalo, N. Y.
FOUR UNIDENTIFIED WOMEN.
THREE UNIDENTIFIED GIRLS, aged 9 and 17.
TWO UNIDENTIFIED BOYS, aged 8 and 13.
JAMES GRIFFIN, Claremont, Mo.
UNIDENTIFIED MAN, DeKalb, Mo.
RAYMOND MARTIN, Chillicothe, Mo.
—FORREST, died on train.

TRIAL OF BANDITS.
Chicago, Jan. 6.—The trial of three of the car bandits, Marx, Neidermeyer and Van Dyne, was commenced to day before Judge Kersten in the criminal court, after a day's struggle in an effort to secure jurors the court adjourned without a man having been accepted. It was announced the defense would be in full in each case, but attorneys for the time to day by questions put venemen heated some other line would be opted.

JURY SECURED.
New York, Jan. 6.—The jury in the trial of former Congressman Edmund H. Ross, charged with complicity in the great postoffice frauds, was completed today in the federal court in Brooklyn.

THROUGH A BRIDGE.
Jod, S. D., Jan. 6.—The Burlington passenger train that left Deadwood on noon crashed through a bridge north. Nine persons were injured, locomotive and baggage car got over but the chair car plunged into Rapid creek and the Pullman rolled on its bank.

ARE LESS HOPEFUL

**It Is Now Believed There is Little
Chance For Settlement of
Far Eastern Question.**

Seoul, Jan. 6.—A Russian legation guard of thirty has been landed at Chemulpo, but the Japanese railway has refused to transport it to Seoul. It is reported preparations have been made for the emperor of Korea to find an asylum at the French legation in event of serious trouble. It is expected France and Germany will send marines here to guard their legations.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 6.—The British steamer Knight Errant sailed off day with 11,500 tons of steam coal for the Japanese navy at Yokohama.

Rome, Jan. 6.—Ohyama, Japanese minister, said today that in event of war his country was in a position to rapidly center 300,000 men in Manchuria, while Russia would find difficulty in sending more than 200,000. Ohyama said naval forces of Japan numerically were superior to Russia's and from a military standpoint were worth double. "If war breaks out," said the minister, "it will last for only a few weeks. I hope for a victory for Japan."

Tokio, Jan. 6.—It is believed here the Russian response has been handed to the government, but the secret of its delivery has been jealously guarded and nature of the reply remains undisclosed. There is very indication now further negotiations will take place, although it is expected Japan will refuse to transfer discussion of affairs to St. Petersburg if this is proposed.

London, Jan. 6, 9:35 p. m.—A dispatch to the Reuters Telegram company from Tokyo says: "All Russian warships recently at Vladivostok are reported to have sailed, probably for Port Arthur. Russia's reply has not yet been received by Japan. There is strong, widespread tendency to doubt reports of alleged conciliatory character of the reply."

MATERIAL FOR JAPAN.
San Francisco, Jan. 6.—The steamer Siberia, which will sail to morrow for Chinese ports, will carry a quantity of pig lead for Japan and about 20,000 sacks of nitro, consigned to Hong Kong, and presumed to be for manufacturing powder.

St. Louis, Jan. 6.—Hajime Ota, Japan's commissioner to the world's fair, declared today that war between Russia and Japan is inevitable. "Whether now or later," he said, "it is bound to come." He expressed the opinion Japan along could whip Russia.

\$50,000 DAMAGE SUIT

Washington, Jan. 6.—Robert Burton Rodney, paymaster with the rank of lieutenant commander, on the retired list of the navy, to day brought suit for \$50,000 damages against Capt. Samuel C. Lemley, judge advocate general of the navy, for alleged long continued "pecuniary and naval grade losses" and indignities. The complaint alleges Lemley has usurped practical supremacy in the navy department and is depriving complainant of legal rights under his commission.

IN DREAD OF RABIES.

Waterloo, Ill., Jan. 6.—The entire eastern half of Monroe county is in a state of excitement over depredations of a mad dog. The canine belonged to John C. Bestmann, a prosperous farmer and dairyman, who this week killed five of his valuable Holstein cows and a calf because they had been bitten and displayed marked symptoms of rabies. Bestmann and his neighbors for miles around are under a severe strain of anxiety lest the malady spread from their use of milk and butter from affected cattle. They also fear the loss of additional livestock.

WANT GUNNERS.

London, Jan. 6.—The Shimonoseki, Japan, correspondent of the Mail says Germans at Kiau Chau are supplying Russians with coal and gunners and that Admiral Alexeff's agents are offering large sums to induce American and British gunners to desert and go to Port Arthur.

The correspondent adds that Prince Adolbert is reported as predicting, presumably as the price of German good will, that the whole province of Shan Tung will become German territory.

The correspondent also says that, according to the Jiji Shimpo, the Korean foreign minister refused to consent to sending of American marines to Seoul, but that he could not make an effective protest.

A VICTOR'S RECOMMENDATION.

Mr. H. J. Keeler, publisher of the Press, Maiden Rock, Wis., writes, "Allow me to say that I have recently used a bottle of Hart's Honey and Horshond and found it a valuable remedy for a cold or cough. I have personally recommended it in several cases and hear a good word from all." When our readers need a reliable medicine for Colds, Coughs, Croup and Whooping Cough there is no other so satisfactory as Hart's Honey and Horshond. Large bottles 50c and 1. Sold by Lee P. Allen.

READ THIS JOURNAL IN WEEK

THEATRE FIRE INVESTIGATION

**TESTIMONY BEING TAKEN
BY FIRE INSPECTOR**

**Indifference of Managers Mainly
Responsible for the Catastrophe—A Number of Witnesses are Heard.**

Chicago, Jan. 6.—That the stage management of the Iroquois theatre never gave orders to govern employees in case of a blaze, never instructed them as to opening or closing the ventilators and never gave them a fire drill was the testimony given to day before Fire Inspector Fulkerson. The witness was C. M. Hawes, a scene shifter. The overwhelming mistake of the Iroquois disaster was in the condition of skylights and ventilators above the stage, said Fire Inspector Fulkerson to day. Had the ventilators over the stage been opened or the skylights not been fastened and shut, said Fulkerson, there would have been no loss of life, regardless of the asbestos curtain falling to work.

Three big wagon loads of dirt and ashes taken from the Iroquois theatre floor to day were conveyed under police guard to the basement of a store nearby. A placer mining outfit, including sieves and gold pans, erected by City Custodian Cregier, was started a search for valuable among the rubbish.

With the public and press excluded, the city council special committee for revision of the ordinances governing theatres began to day conferences with contractors, builders, architects and engineers.

Will J. Davis, Harry J. Powers and Thomas J. Noonan, active managers of the Iroquois, were examined by Fulkerson to day. All of them pleaded ignorance of any precautions taken to prevent loss of life by fire at the theatre. They admitted failure to instruct employees in fighting fire and failure even to provide suitable appliances for use against flames. Their statements were corroborated by testimony of twenty employees of the theatre, none of whom had ever been told his duty in case of fire.

Noonan, who is the working manager of the theatres under direction of Davis & Powers, admitted to day that eleven of the theatre exits were locked and bolted. The greatest loss of life was in the first and second balconies, where hundreds of people were suffocated through inability to get out or were trampled to death while trying to do so. Had the three exits in each balcony been valuable, according to Inspector Fulkerson, the loss of life must have been greatly diminished.

Noonan declared no person had been named by the theatre management to superintend the operation of ventilators of the theatre in case of fire and that if consequence the flames had been permitted to sweep the place instead of seeking a natural outlet through the stage roof. It was said by Noonan that George M. Dusenbury, head usher; Archibald Benard, chief electrician, and the theatre engineer knew how to operate the ventilators. It was proven by evidence of these men, however, that two of them never went upon the stage and the other had never been told to assume charge of the ventilators in case of fire.

From figures obtained by Noonan to day it became evident almost one-third of the people who attended the matinee lost their lives, the percentage being a trifle over 31. The theatre seated 1,600 people and in addition to these 228 were admitted after all seats were sold, making a total of 1,822 people in the theatre, of whom 591 were killed.

Noonan declared the two balconies, including seats and people standing, had 589 people. The total number of fatalities is to date 591, of whom three were killed on the first floor. This would make, according to Noonan's statement, 588 deaths out of 589 people in the balconies.

Will J. Davis testified he had given no orders to place a fire alarm box in the theatre and had given no orders to place a pump upon the stage beyond the fact any apparatus firemen wanted should be provided as soon as possible. He declared he could not say as to whether the building was finally accepted from the Fuller company or not. He admitted he never gave any instructions to anybody as to what should be done in case of fire. He had no knowledge as to whether the theatre had received a final certificate of inspection from the building departments of the city before opening or not.

Powers gave evidence substantially the same as that of Davis.

UNIDENTIFIED DEAD.

Four bodies of Iroquois theatre fire victims still remain unidentified at the county morgue. Two telegrams were received to day concerning missing relatives and both inquirers will be in Chicago to view the bodies. John Sheppard, Peoria, Ill., is one who is searching for his son Edward, aged 12, and Mrs. J. W. Kelley, Davenport, Iowa, believes her son-in-law was one of the victims. Miss Kelley has been missing since the disaster and had informed friends that she intended visiting the theatre Wednesday night.

A BOLD ROBBERY

**Jeweler in Masonic Temple Deprived of Money, Diamonds
and Watches in Daylight**

Chicago, Jan. 6.—While persons were busy in offices all about him Davis Freeman, a jeweler with offices on the sixteenth floor of the Masonic Temple building, was held up by two men to day and robbed of \$1,300 in currency, diamonds and watches. A dagger was pointed at Freeman's heart and he was threatened with instant death, he says, and forced to go down on his knees and open his safe. The men forced their victim to open the safe, as well as a show case containing jewelry. He was then locked in a small closet used as a lavatory. No one saw the robbers, their quick intimidation of the jeweler being followed instantly by drawing down of the curtain covering a large window looking out on the Masonic Temple rotunda.

DIED IN SNOW

**Old Man Found Dead at His
Home Near Pana.**

Pana, Ill., Jan. 6.—William Ukena, a farmer living two miles south of here, went out to the barn Sunday morning to do some chores and as was his usual custom was thought by his family to have gone to visit a neighbor afterwards. As he did not return home at noon, a search was made for him and it was found that he had while at the barn fallen over into a snow bank.

A physician was called but Mr. Ukena was in such condition that he died at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The cause of death was said by the physician to be cerebral hemorrhage, his condition being made worse by his having laid in the snow for several hours exposed to the zero weather.

He came to this country from Germany in 1870. A wife and seven children survive. Mr. Ukena had made arrangements to move into Pana to reside. He had had a sale at his farm recently with this in view.

ENGINEERS STRIKE

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Peace negotiations between the stationary engineers' union and Chicago Hotel Keepers' association regarding wages and hours were broken off to day and a strike ordered. Men were sent out by the union to notify workers to quit at all hotels controlled by the union. Hotel keepers made the plea there are a number of persons injured in the Iroquois fire in hotels and shutting down heating plants would work a hardship. The union, however, was firm in its demands.

DEATHS.

Indianapolis, Jan. 6.—Sgt. Julius Frederick, Arctic explorer and one of the five surviving members of the Greeley expedition, died here this afternoon, aged 53. He was a native of Germany. He enlisted when only 17 and fought under General Miles in many Indian battles.

Janeville, Wis., Jan. 6.—Otis Henry Brand, for twenty-one years city editor of the Janesville Recorder, and one of the best known newspaper men in the northwest, died to day.

St. Paul, Jan. 6.—Gen. George L. Becker, former chairman of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, a prominent politician and for many years actively engaged in public life of St. Paul and Minneapolis, died to night.

TRIAL OF BANDITS.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—The trial of the car bandits, Marx, Neidermeyer, Van Dyne and Roskel, began before Judge Kersten to day.

BANKER SUICIDES.

St. Louis, S. D., Jan. 6.—N. W. Mills, vice president of the People's Savings bank, committed suicide to day by shooting himself. Personal troubles are ascribed as the cause. He leaves a family.

REVOLUTION FAILED.

Port au Prince, Hayti, Jan. 6.—During the absence from Port au Prince of President Nord at Gonsalves General Monplaisir attempted to raise a revolt against the president, but the movement failed. The general's son and accomplice were killed. Numerous arrests were made.

AFTER CONVENTION.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—A committee of Chicago business men and Democratic politicians will leave Saturday for Washington to try to secure the Democratic national convention for Chicago.

FIRE CHIEF KILLED.

London, Ont., Jan. 6.—Chief Roe of the fire department was killed and three firemen badly injured by the collapse of a burning wall at a fire to day.

A LIFE AT STAKE.

If you but know the splendid merit of Foley's Honey and Tar you would never be without it. A cold or two will prevent an attack of pneumonia or grippe. It may save your life. Sold by Lee P. Allen.

AFFAIRS IN SAN DOMINGO

**LIFE AND PROPERTY TO
BE PROTECTED**

**United States Government Will
Attempt to Bring Order Out
of Chaos—Senate and House
Proceedings—Capital Notes.**

Washington, Jan. 6.—With a firm hand the Washington government from now on will protect American life and property in the island of San Domingo. A dispatch received at the navy department from Commander Dillingham, commanding the Detroit, dated Puerto Plata, Jan. 6, says that anarchy prevails in that vicinity and that the revolution is not one of principle, but between factions. Dillingham says further:

"Fighting at Sousa Dec. 26 between Morales and Jimenez troops took place on the United Fruit company's property. Without notice houses were looted, lives of United States citizens absolutely disregarded, women and children had to flee for safety and property was destroyed. Have forbidden any fighting or any armed force of any party within certain limits necessary to protect lives of United States citizens at Sousa. Commanding officers in the field near Sousa have been so instructed. Left one officer, sixteen marines, a Colt automatic gun and steam launch at Sousa to see my instructions were carried out until my return. Am in signal communication with this force; can control the situation. Am already when necessary. The British steamer Pallas is here. Have joined the British captain in a note to the military commander here holding him responsible for any disorder and telling him we would take such prompt action as we saw fit in case of disorder."

The statement is authorized that the conduct of Commander Dillingham, while following only general instructions, is entirely endorsed and approved by the government, and it is believed his intelligent handling of the situation will have a powerful influence toward restoring order in the island. It can be announced the Washington government earnestly hopes order will come out of chaos in the island and a firm government established, under which Americans and other foreigners will receive in the future adequate protection. It is realized by the administration that the Dominican problem must be taken up and disposed of in a way that will put a stop to what was described by a European ambassador to night as "an insupportable nuisance which the civilized world looks to the United States to clean up."

SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Alleged irregularities in the postoffice department constituted the only theme in the senate to day. Questions came up on a motion first made by Lodge and afterward by Penrose to refer the Carmack resolution looking to senatorial investigation of the postoffice department to the committee on postoffices and postroads. Democratic senators resisted the motion and contended the country would not be satisfied with investigation of a department made by the department itself. The debate continued for almost two and a half hours and was extremely spirited from start to finish.

Carmack charged Postmaster General Payne had been unskilful at the beginning of the department inquisition, and Spooner replied in defense of that official, saying that he had asked for money for investigation before the department began its work and when it was undertaken had given it every assistance.

Clay said the tenor of the Bristow report had convinced him that Bristow considered Former First Assistant Postmaster General Clark more guilty than anyone else connected with postoffice irregularities.

Before the debate closed Gorman stated he had had a conference with Penrose, chairman of the postoffice committee, and was willing to have the resolution referred.

Further consideration of the subject was deferred until Friday.

HOUSE.

The only measure considered in the house to day was a bill introduced by the delegate from Hawaii to ratify the act of the Hawaiian legislature authorizing manufacture and distribution of electric light on the island of Oahu, territory of Hawaii. Owing to objections made to the bill in the form presented it was referred to the committee on territories.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Senator Allison, chairman of the Republican caucus, to day announced the following committee on order of business for 1904: Allison, Hale, Aldrich, Cullom, Lodge, Perkins, Clark (Wyo.), Elihu, Spooner, Hanna, Beveridge. The committee is the same as during the last congress, save that Senator Clark takes the place of the late Senator McMillan (Mich.).

The Minnesota merger case was not reached in the supreme court to day.

Secretary Moody, with a view to asking congress only for such sums as are necessary for the needs of the service, has reduced estimates for increase in the navy for the fiscal year for construction and machinery to \$1,000,000, the estimated

price for construction and machinery is continuing one and original estimates called for \$3,000,000.

Rear Admiral Taylor, chief of the bureau of navigation, today urged the house naval affairs committee to establish a naval training station on the great lakes for which an appropriation of \$250,000 is recommended by the department. Lake Bluff, on Lake Michigan, near Chicago, and Racine, Wisconsin, has been recommended as proper places for this station. Such a station, the admiral said, would tend to induce the enlistment of a better class of seamen from the interior and would decrease the number of desertions, as the cadet would have an opportunity to test seafaring life before actual enlistment. It would also tend to produce more seafaring men from commercial lines.

Secretary Hitchcock has recommended to the president that the office of railroad commissioner held by the late General Longstreet be abolished. It seems probable the recommendation will be adopted and no successor to Longstreet be appointed. The duties of the office practically have been absorbed by the interstate commerce commission.

SPOONER DEFENDED PAYNE.

During debate on Senator Carmack's resolution providing for senatorial investigation of the postoffice department Carmack charged Postmaster General Payne with lukewarmness at the beginning of the department inquisition. This brought Spooner up with a vigorous defense of Payne. He said Payne had remained at his desk in this city day after day all last summer while the inquiry was in progress, notwithstanding he was in very poor health devoting every energy to seeing that "the truth should be brought out the department purged of every element of graft."

Carmack disclaimed any intention to charge Payne with complicity in or sympathy with irregularities in his department. His suggestion was that of indifference to the wrong and the natural inference was that if the inquiry had been left to him there would have been none. Spooner said he would be able to show Payne had solicited an appropriation for the purpose of making an investigation long before the investigation had been undertaken.

IOWA CAPITOL FIRE

**Evidence Shows Conflagration
was Caused by Laborer
Lighting a Pipe.**

Des Moines, Jan. 6.—Responsibility for almost complete ruin of the state capitol building may rest upon a common laborer. Governor Cummins and Senator Funk, chairman of the capitol commission, who are conducting inquiry into the origin of the flames, have developed strong evidence tending to show a lighted match used for a pipe or cigarette and thrown carelessly into a corner caused the conflagration. Arraignment may follow the inquiry.

State Architect Liebbe has recommended a \$300,000 appropriation to make the building fireproof.

The joint conference of the capitol commission and state executive board recommends meeting of the legislature Monday and adjourning for two weeks pending location of temporary headquarters. This will be done.

FORTY-THREE KILLED

Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 6.—Forty-three persons were killed by the explosion of boilers of the British cruiser Wallaroo. Naval authorities are advised one boiler burst, but are not informed of the names and rank of those killed. The killed are assumed to include the whole shift of twenty-three stokers and a number of deck hands.

SEEK MAILS TO DEFAUD.

Springfield, Jan. 6.—In the case of H. L. Metzger, of East St. Louis, charged with having used the United States mails to promote a scheme to defraud, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty. Judge Humphrey has not yet pronounced sentence. The most sensational feature of the trial was the charge brought by the defendant against Postoffice Inspector C. N. Moore that the prosecution would be dropped if the defendant would pay him \$100. The postoffice inspector was placed on the stand and denied the charge. The court allowed time for the inspector to arrive and refute the charge. The jury got the case at 5 o'clock last night and a sealed verdict was found during the night and given to the bailiff.

A TRAVELING MAN'S EXPERIENCE.

Mr. Albert Eldredge, representing the Edgar Printing Co., Paris, Ill., says: "I used Hart's Honey and Horshond during the winter of 1901 and 1902 for a bad cold and la grippe. I found it an excellent medicine, which effected a cure in a short time." Our readers are invited to call on the druggist named below and secure a large sample bottle of this excellent medicine free. Ask 50c and 1 bottle of each in return for all.

BUILDING IS A SAFE ONE

**WILL HOLD CONVENTION IN
THE COLISEUM**

Order Closing the Chicago Building Will Soon Be Rescinded—Statements Made by Hanna and Stewart.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Although the Coliseum, in which the national Republican convention is to be held in June, was closed by order of Building Commissioner Williams to day, it is stated the order will be rescinded within forty-eight hours and that no change in convention plans is necessary.

The violation charged against the Coliseum is purely technical and it was no sooner made than the matter was investigated by Graceme Stewart, national committeeman from Illinois, and Senator Hanna, who was in town. Their investigation over both expressed opinion there is no safer building in the world. Statements to this effect were made by Hanna and Stewart and their publication authorized.

Stewart said: "I feel great personal responsibility in the matter and if the Coliseum is not a safe building for the convention then there is no such building in the country."

Hanna said: "The convention will be held in Chicago as planned. The Coliseum is one of the finest structures I have ever seen in its provisions for safeguarding life."

It is alleged by the building department the Coliseum violates the ordinance, which requires that such buildings shall face on at least one street and two public alleys or open spaces. The Coliseum to the west fronts on Wabash avenue, while in the rear it opens on a public alley. South of the building is what amounts to a private alley, and it was here a building inspector discovered a technical violation of a section of the building ordinance. This alley is seventy feet wide and is covered, being supported at its outer extremity by a wall. In no other way does it differ from an ordinary alley, and it runs through from Wabash avenue to the public alley on the east. The Coliseum proper is provided with twelve wide exits, the main one twenty-five feet across. Three of those open to a private passage mentioned on the south of the building and any one of them is large enough to admit to egress of ten horses abreast.

Secretary Stewart Spalding of the Coliseum company has arranged for an interview with Building Commissioner Williams for to morrow.

"When the situation is explained to him," said Spalding, "he can do nothing less than rescind his order closing the place. We have done even more than the ordinance requires. It asks for an alley (in)thefaces on a-EntothemPa; 11AUL ten feet in width and ours measures seventy feet. We have a private lot next to that. Is any more required?"

CLARA BARTON'S MEMORY.

During the Grand Army of the Republic encampment in Washington a few years ago Miss Barton was at the head of the reception committee in the capitol, and hour after hour she shook hands with the veterans. Suddenly a lady standing near Miss Barton noticed an old man minus a leg and an arm coming up the line, with eyes all aglow and face full of anticipation. At length he reached Miss Barton, who shook his hand and passed him along with the crowd.

He did not go far, however, and the lady who had first observed him saw the light die out of his eyes and the tears steal down his cheeks. Stepping up to him, she said gently, "You know Miss Barton?"

"Know her?" he exclaimed. "Know her! Why, she nursed me through this," pointing pathetically to the maimed members.

At the sound of his voice Miss Barton's remarkable memory asserted itself, and, reaching out both hands, she exclaimed, "Why, John Riggs, is that you?" Their last meeting had been at Gettysburg.

TRAVELING TREE STUMP.

There exists in Hickman what probably has never been seen anywhere else in this country, a traveling tree stump. Not more than two years ago residents who lived on the hill every day turned out of the beaten path to circumvent a large tree stump in the middle of the sidewalk. That tree stump is now some thirty feet from the spot where it grew, having slid down the side of the hill that distance. As it gradually moved out of the walk the hole left was filled up, and when it eventually was clear the sidewalk was rebuilt and no more thought given to the phenomenon other than they were pleased that the stump had moved out of the way. The stump was formerly an elm tree and measured some two feet in diameter. When it was cut down is not definitely known. It is yet some distance to the bottom of the hill, and it is altogether likely that the stump will not rest until it reaches the city limits. Hickman, Mo.

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FUNERALS

HALSTED.

As a last sad tribute of respect to the memory of Dr. M. H. Halsted, a large company of relatives and friends gathered at the family residence on West College avenue where the funeral services were held at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. It is seldom, indeed, that death in the community brings sadness to so many hearts, but to many the passing of Dr. Halsted meant the loss of a family physician and friend and such a loss, always keenly felt, in this instance brought grief inexpressible.

The services were in charge of Dr. A. B. Morey, pastor of State Street Presbyterian church, and were simple in character. After the reading of appropriate passages of Scripture, the quartet consisting of Mrs. R. M. Hockenbush, Miss Virginia Hockenbush, John Johnson and R. M. Hockenbush, sang "Asleep in Jesus." Dr. Morey then spoke most beautifully of the life and character of Dr. Halsted, whose deeds spoke louder than his words, and whose sympathetic nature made his conduct as becoming as his character was manly and strong. Dr. Morey said, in part:

"As I think of Dr. Halsted, I recall Paul's physician, who did so much to brighten the last days of the great apostle's life. From his prison at Rome, Paul complains of those who had forsaken him, but says, half sadly and half joyfully, 'Only Luke it with me. Luke, the beloved physician.' DeQuincy points Luke out as the physician, who is weary of all things except faithfulness to God and burning love to men. Dante beholds Luke, in vision, by the side of Paul—two old men; one of whom was the favorite counsellor. Paul had found a friend in his physician—a constant companion, adviser and helper. I was calling him his 'beloved physician.' He describes his devoted faithfulness and medical skill. As such it has been applied by Leigh Hunt, Dryden, Pope and many other sufferers to their physicians. And as these two men—the doctor and the preacher—are seen traveling out together over land and sea, they represent, in a broad way, the total care of man for man. Paul is distinctively a man of the soul, a man of the spiritual life. Luke is a man of the body; a man of the physical life. The two together, as we watch their figures climbing side by side over mountains; sleeping side by side in the midst of woods, of little groups of hard worn disciples, we may say of them that they represent between them the double nature of the double need of man. Body and soul, as man is, the ministry that would redeem him and relieve him must have a word to speak to both soul and body, and a bond of glory upon both. The two vocations have something in common. That common element, that it belongs to both to war with, is evil. Their enemies are not two, but one. Evil in regard to the body, which we term disease; evil in regard to the soul, which we call sin. Dr. Halsted often said, 'We need to work together in the care of the people,' and he welcomed the presence and the assistance of the clergyman. For there is no true care for the body which forgets the soul. And there is no true care for the soul which is not mindful of the body. The duty of physical health and the duty of spiritual purity are not two duties—they are two parts of one duty. And the two parts minister to one another. Be good that you may be well; be well that you may be good. Both of these two injunctions are binding on us all. Sometimes on one side come exceptions. Sometimes a man must give up being well to be good. Never does an exception come upon the other side. Never is a man at liberty to give up being good in order to be well; but our best life is lived in obedience to both commands. Both Paul and Luke must be its masters. Every clergyman feels how powerless he is in the presence of the disorganization which dulls the reason or creates such a nervous irritability as makes it more cruel to ply the sufferer with texts of Scripture or words of comfort. He does not mistake hysteria for piety. He does not think that God is hiding His face from him because the poor patient is 'borne down by physical debility.' He knows that under certain physical conditions the best and holiest must walk in darkness. And Dr. Halsted often felt himself powerless. He was baffled by that stronger thing called mind. He exerted a wonderful control over it; but he felt often that he had reached the limits of his control. He was confronted and thwarted by influences which treatment could not reach. Envy, remorse, anxiety, grief—all agencies not at all of a material kind—which often make recovery impossible.

"The functions, then, of the pastor and the physician are but departments of one great work. We honor Dr. Halsted, therefore, because of his work. He felt that his work was a sacred one—a real blessing from God. He was not a mere mender of broken down bodies. He often said that hygiene is more important than medicine—that prevention is better than cure. That is what medical science is beginning to see and do—keep disease from entering; not merely to cast out the intruder.

"Dr. Halsted did not feel that he was a mere caretaker of the body. Body and soul are so twisted together in one grand and to defy untwisting. The laws of health are moral laws. The laws of God. The command, 'Thou shalt not kill,' is not a mere physical command. It is a vast and

GROWING

LENGTHWISE

You want the children to grow, but not all lengthwise. When they start that way Scott's Emulsion will help them to grow right—with due plumpness and outward proportion, and with inward vigor and good spirits.

The Emulsion increases digestive power and strengthens the vital organs to get the best and make the most out of all the other food. It gives a kind of help that every growing child ought to have.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 400 Pearl Street, New York.

majority of cases the penalty of sin. Dr. Halsted taught his patients that the laws of God must not be broken. I was talking with him one day about Thomas Carlyle, the British writer, and he said: 'If poor Carlyle had not brought dyspepsia upon himself by his disobedience to the laws of health in his youth, he would have been a far healthier thinker and writer, and a far greater moral force than he was.'

Dr. Halsted went like the rain, among the just and unjust, doing all the good he could and never boasting of it. He belonged to the Quaker society and, like all Quakers, said little about his religion, but he had a religion that said much for him.

"All occupations are like ships. They may be well built and perfectly rigged, but, after all, everything depends upon the man at the wheel. A doctor may be wise and skillful, but, after all, everything depends upon the spirit by which he is guided. If he does not fear God or keep His commandments, he may win a great name through his skill, but nobody can tell how many may have ruined through neglect or want of conscience or the right feeling. Dr. Halsted felt that behind him and all pain and need is God, and so he was always pressed on by the demand for reverence and careful discharge of his duty. There was a great deal of humanity in him. He never lost his power of pitying pain and of letting his patients see it and feel it. He was patient with his patients—bored with them; kept his temper, which is not always easy for a doctor to do. There is so much unreason and ingratitude, and peevishness, and impatience that it is hard to keep one's tongue and eye from flashing back some sparks of anger.

"Dr. Halsted felt that it was the doctor's duty to be a Christian, not merely moral. The profession itself requires the strictest morality and the public demands it, but his work calls for the Christian. 'There are cases where health cannot be restored to the body till peace has been restored to the soul, and he is a defective physician who then cannot lead the anxious soul to the one fountain of peace. A good word spoken in season often proves to be a quick working medicine. Many a serious blunder has been prevented and cures doubled by a physician whose heart was as full of love of God as his head was full of learning.

"The chief and crowning satisfaction which Dr. Halsted found was in the gratitude of those whom he had served in body and soul, by his kind heart and clear head. 'The great English novelist has given to a doctor's wife a touching picture of Dr. Halsted: 'I never walk out with him, but I hear his praises, or see them in grateful eyes. I never lie down at night, but I know that in the course of one day he has alleviated pain and soothed some fellow creature in the time of need. I know that from the beds of those who were past recovery, thanks have often gone up in the last hour for his patient ministrations. Is not this to be rich?'

At the conclusion of the words of Dr. Morey, which were spoken with deep feeling, the quartet sang "Nearer, My God to Thee," and the last sad rites were over. His eyes are closed and his lips are sealed in death, but the influence of a good man, a noble physician and a patriotic citizen remains to inspire and to lead them to higher and higher attainments. The many floral tokens were evincive of the affectionate regard in which Dr. Halsted was held and were very beautiful.

The active bearers were: Dr. T. J. Pitner, Dr. Carl E. Black, Dr. W. C. Cole, Dr. J. W. Hargrove, Dr. A. L. Adams and Dr. D. W. Reid. The honorary bearers were members of the Morgan County Medical Society and a large representation of comrades from Matt Starr Post, G. A. R.

The interment took place in Dimond's Grave cemetery. **SURE CURE FOR PILES.** I have cured many cases of piles, hemorrhoids, and other ailments. I have cured many cases of piles, hemorrhoids, and other ailments. I have cured many cases of piles, hemorrhoids, and other ailments.

PEOPLE OF THE DAY

Dr. Dix and his wife, Mrs. Dix, have been considerably stirred up by the preaching of day sermon by Dr. Morgan Dix of New York. The doctor, in an interview, in which he has reiterated and emphasized his previous utterances. He says: "In these days women have come down to our own level. They talk like men, they smoke, gamble, drink, do all things that men do, even dress like men." When asked if he would exclude women from the occupations to which the present day life has called them he answered:



REV. DR. MORGAN DIX.

en from the occupations to which the present day life has called them he answered:

"Of course not. There are many things women can do and still be womanly. But there are things not fitting in woman to do. They should not have suffrage. Women lawyers are not in the right place, and I don't think much of women doctors. As for women preachers, is there anything clearer than the express language of the Scripture forbidding them?"

Touching upon divorce, Dr. Dix said: "It is becoming terrible. Once upon a time, and not long ago either, if we mentioned the fact that a person had been divorced we spoke of it under our breath as a subject not proper for conversation. We regarded divorce as something closely related to disgrace. The remedy? If people would refuse to receive divorced persons or to speak to them on the street, there is the remedy."

Joe Jefferson and His Brush. "Joe Jefferson," said an artistic friend who had been paying him a visit at his summer home on Buzzards Bay, "beguiles his vacations by fishing, shooting, painting, reading and correspondence. He has a studio fitted up over his stable and passes many hours there indulging his passion for sketching and painting, at which he has become an expert, although he modestly disavows any merit to his work."

While there the friend unearthed a canvas turned against the wall upon which was painted a pair of ducks. The work was of such rare excellence that he was surprised into asking Mr. Jefferson if he painted them.

Mr. Jefferson, looking up from his easel, hesitated a moment and then, in his slow, gentle Rip Van Winkle tone, answered:

"Yes. I not only shot them, but I then added insult to injury by painting them."—New York Times.

Governor Taft's Forethought. Governor William H. Taft of the Philippines, who is to succeed Elihu Root as secretary of war, made himself popular with the people of the islands by his democratic manners and sociability. He broke down the color line which had been drawn by the Spanish residents and entered heartily into the spirit of the amusements of the people of Manila.

Governor Taft not only enjoys a reputation for sociability, but is also one of those rare individuals who appreciate a good story even when the point is



GOVERNOR WILLIAM H. TAFT.

against themselves, and this recalls a story told by the governor of how his wife once turned the tables on him when he attempted a bit of sarcasm at her expense.

The judge and Mrs. Taft attended church one Sunday morning, and after service Mrs. Taft was the center of a group of women who stood in the aisle and held a long and animated discussion on some topic of feminine interest.

"Women will," the judge grew impatient at the delay and was very grim on the way home. At last he said:

"Do you know, you chattering women, you ruined me of Balaam's ass blocking the way."

"Oh, no," replied Mrs. Taft severely. "You are mistaken. It was the angel that blocked the way of the ass."

As it is said: **Do you know that this fellow over there is a woman?**

Do you know that this fellow over there is a woman?

Do you know that this fellow over there is a woman?

Do you know that this fellow over there is a woman?

Do you know that this fellow over there is a woman?

The United States
Mints.

The United States Mints were organized in 1792. The latest report from the Mints shows that 445,841,054 nickels have been coined since that time, value \$22,292,052.70.



**The Nickels
Ever Coined**

would not pay for the
Cremo cigars smoked
in one year



Largest Seller in the World

THE BAND IS THE
SMOKER'S PROTECTION

C. P. & ST. L. ROAD

**Management Takes Action to
Prevent Intemperance
Among Employees.**

The management of the C. P. & St. L. Railroad company is doing great work in the temperance cause. Several railroad accidents recently have been traced to intoxication, and to be on the safe side an order has been promulgated that drinking men will not be retained in the employ of the company.

This is understood to obtain whether on duty or off duty. It seems that spotters are abroad in the land and that at least four men with headquarters in Springfield have lost their places within the last few days for not complying with the requirements of the order. Whiskey mixed with railroad forms a combination that endangers property and lives, and the combination will not be tolerated in any form by the management of the road.

Orders are carried still further. It has been the custom of the company to accept orders from its employees given for meal tickets or board. Hereafter no such order will be recognized if drawn in favor of any hotel or restaurant which has a bar in connection.

Superintendent Shaaf is also bringing the men and management into closer touch by weekly meeting, when, affairs mechanical and other departments of the road are talked over, suggestions made for the betterment of the service and improvement of conditions generally. Suggestions from employees are welcomed and it is proving highly beneficial.

CROUP.

The peculiar cough which indicates croup is usually well known to the mothers of croupy children. No time should be lost in the treatment of it, and for this purpose no medicine has received more universal approval than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Do not waste valuable time in experimenting with untried remedies, no matter how highly they may be recommended, but give this medicine as directed, and all symptoms of croup will quickly disappear. For sale by all druggists.

BAR SUNDAY SIDESHOWS.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 6.—Sideshow which are on the state fair grounds in 1901 will be compelled to suspend business on the Sabbath. This was decided upon at a meeting of the state board of agriculture to day, and the Sunday fair will be devoted to religious meetings. It is probable that sacred concert will be held. The fair will open on Thursday, Sept. 27, and close Oct. 7. The question of keeping the grounds open on Sunday was discussed at great length, owing to the many objections which were made by ministers all over the state last fall. Sideshow will only be admitted with certain restrictions as to what the attraction shall be.

President Dickerson in his annual address to the board, suggested that committee of five be appointed to go to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis to represent the Illinois board. The committee will be named at a later date.

DON'T WORRY.

This is easier said than done, yet it may be of some help to consider the matter. If the cause is something over which you have no control it is obvious that worrying will not help the matter in the least. On the other hand, if within your control you have only to act. When you have a cold and fear an attack of pneumonia, but a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and use it judiciously and all cause for worry as to the outcome will quickly disappear. There is no danger of pneumonia when it is caused. For sale by all druggists.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

John C. Rogers to First National bank of Waverly, part north side lot 6 block 18 original plat of Waverly, \$300.

M. A. Kamm to M. Kamm, part lot 2 and division on north side of

lot 2 and division on north side of

lot 2 and division on north side of

ARE YOU SORE? USE

Paracamp

Relieves Instantly or Money Refunded.

CATARRH, BRONCHITIS,

And all Throat Inflammations. It Cools. It Soothes. It Cures.

Sold only in 25c, 50c, & \$1.00 Bottles.

At all good Druggists.

FOR SALE BY LEE P. ALLCOTT.

**The Financial, Trust, Bond and Real Estate
Departments of the**

Mississippi Valley Trust Company
ST. LOUIS

Offer non-residents exceptional advantages for enjoying the benefits of city banking and trust facilities.

All Business Confidential. Correspondence Invited.

JOIN THE

**KU-BO
CLUB**

Composed of Healthy, Good Looking People

If you are not in prime condition we would advise you to begin at once taking KU-BO TABLETS. They will in short order strengthen, beautify and cure you. Nothing known to equal KU-BO for the cure of all diseases of the Blood, Nerves and Stomach, Kidney and Bladder troubles. They tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new person. After taking one or two boxes of KU-BO TABLETS you will be a fit subject to join the KU-BO CLUB. KU-BO goes right to the spot and effects a quick cure. KU-BO contains no alcohol, at the same time it is a great stimulant. It contains no poisonous drugs or opiates. It is made and sold upon honor, and should you derive no benefit from its use, we will refund your money.

Sold by **ARMSTRONG & ARMSTRONG,**
Druggists.

or sent by mail upon receipt of \$1.00

SEND FOR LIBERAL TRIAL PACKAGE TO

KRUPP REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

"UNCLE JOE" BUYS GOLD BRICK.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—In transmitting payment by check to a publishing house for six volumes of an American historical work, Speaker Cannon to day made this indorsement on the back of the check: "This check is in full payment, both legal and moral, for sixty volumes of books called in the contract with the payee ('—'). The books are not worth a dime and are high at that. We are never too old to learn, but the way your gentlemanly agent came it over your 'Uncle Joseph' is worth the check."

A TEXAS WONDER.

One small bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women; regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist it will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by J. A. Obermeyer, City Drug Store.

READ THIS.

Jacksonville, Ill., Aug. 26, 1901.—For twelve years I have suffered from gravel, kidney and bladder troubles, with various other ailments, with no relief. I was recommended to try a bottle of Texas Wonder, and I did. It cured me. I will cheerfully testify to the value of this medicine. I have since taken a few more bottles, and I feel like a new man. I have been able to do my work, and I feel like a new man. I have been able to do my work, and I feel like a new man. I have been able to do my work, and I feel like a new man.



**Good People Like Good
Things**

That's why so many people who know a good thing when they see it are buying "Ideal" coal.

"Ideal." That name is not a fancy of our imagination. We gave it to the coal we sell because it expresses compactly, truthfully, graphically and completely just what our coal is—"Ideal" coal.

It's "Ideal" because it's coal all through—has no foreign matter mixed with it—is clean, free burning, easily lighted, economical in use.

People of discrimination use it and recommend it.

Order a ton and see how quickly it will deliver it.

We sell for cash at 10 cents per bushel, or \$12.50 per ton.

R. A. Gates & S.

Daily Journal

10c per v

JACKSONVILLE TIME CARD

Time of departure of trains:	
GOING NORTH	
C. & P. & St. L.	
Peoria, daily	7:50 am
Peoria, ac. frt., ex. Sunday	8:40 pm
C. & A.	
Chicago-Peoria	6:00 am
Chicago, ex. Sunday	11:12 pm
Chicago-Peoria	5:45 pm
For Chicago	2:48 am
GOING WEST	
J. & St. L.	
For St. Louis	7:50 am
For St. Louis	8:40 pm
C. & A.	
For Kansas City	10:04 am
For Kansas City and St. Louis	11:47 pm
For Kansas City	5:44 am
For St. Louis, ex. Sunday	7:20 am
For St. Louis, ex. Sunday	4:06 pm
For Roodhouse, ex. Sunday	5:52 pm
GOING EAST	
Wabash	
For Hannibal, Quincy and Kansas City	7:04 am
For Hannibal, Quincy and Kansas City	6:53 pm
Decatur Accommodation	10:10 am
Kansas City Mail	1:43 pm
GOING EAST	
Wabash	
For Toledo	8:37 am
For Toledo	8:54 pm
Decatur Accommodation	8:10 pm
Buffalo mail	1:20 am
Time of arrival of trains:	
FROM NORTH	
C. & P. & St. L., daily	10:55 am
C. & P. & St. L., daily	7:06 pm
C. & P. & St. L., ac. ex. Sunday	9:45 am
FROM SOUTH	
J. & St. L.	
For St. Louis	11:30 am
For St. Louis	11:40 pm
C. & A., ex. Sunday	11:40 pm
C. & A., ex. Sunday	8:10 pm

BUY

HERMAN'S

Celebrated Millinery

The Best and Cheapest on Earth

Good Things for Christmas

Fruit Cakes and Mince Meat
Orle Seeded, Sultana and layer Raisins
Currants
Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel
Figs
Dates
Candied Cherries
Nuts
and Pure Spices.

-AT-

E. C. LAMBERT'S

J. E. STICE

Will make a Christmas gift of one dollar sack of Condition Powder, for horses and cattle or a three and one-half pound package of poultry remedy with every five dollar sack of Hog Remedy until Jan. 1, 1904.

At Brook & Stice's, West Side of the Square.

CLARENCE W. BUCKINGHAM

Architect.

Tel., Bell, Main 1276.

Room 1, Opera House Block.

City and County

Robert Wakely went to Chicago on business Wednesday.

George E. Mathews is a business visitor in Kewanee.

Robert Henley went to Sinclair on business Wednesday.

Ross Hutchinson went to St. Louis Wednesday on business.

Thomas Allen has gone to Waterloo, Iowa, on business.

Hale, hickory wood; oak wood.

Thomas Hale is numbered among the temporary invalids.

George Beckman, of Pisgah, was here on business yesterday.

Miss Rose Hart went to Monroe, Iowa, for a visit Wednesday.

A. L. Widmayer, of Litchfield, was a Wednesday visitor in the city.

A. T. Capps is expected home from a Chicago business visit to day.

For Sale—Several almost new oak show cases.

H. C. Morrow, of Whitehall, was in the city on business Wednesday.

Miss Anna Scott, of Chapin, was shopping in the city Wednesday.

Dr. C. W. Correll was in Franklin on professional business yesterday.

James Dobyns, of Orleans, spent Wednesday in the city on business.

H. D. Cooper, of Chapin, spent Wednesday in the city on business.

James Kinney, of Alexander, spent Wednesday in the city on business.

David Yeager, of Franklin, was in Jacksonville on business yesterday.

The Turners will have a masquerade ball Jan. 14th, Thursday evening.

George W. Smith went to Washington on a business trip Wednesday.

N. Z. Reinbach, of Franklin, transacted business in the city yesterday.

Gorn, oats, hay and straw in any quantity. Harrigan Bros. No. 9 either 'phone.

William Dodsworth, of Franklin, was a business visitor here yesterday.

Jonas Scott, of Franklin, was in the city on business interests yesterday.

Order WHITE LILY FLOUR of your grocer. It will please you.

W. A. Caldwell, of Griggsville, was here to consult Dr. A. L. Adams Wednesday.

E. L. Clark, of Virginia, spent Wednesday in the city on business interests.

Crushed oyster shells will make the hens lay eggs. BROOK MILL.

Mrs. Charles Beerup, of Franklin, was a shopping visitor in the city yesterday.

Dr. Charles E. Scott spent yesterday in Murrayville on professional business.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Emery, of Tallula, were Wednesday visitors in the city.

Corn, oats, hay and straw in any quantity. Harrigan Bros. No. 9, either 'phone.

Bert C. Barber has returned from a visit with relatives in Calloway, Neb.

Miss Frances Cowden is visiting for a few days with Miss Bertha Anderson.

J. M. Cline, wife and two sons, all of Girard, were visitors in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Sarah Shepherd left for Pine Bluff, Ark., Wednesday to visit relatives for a few weeks.

Miss Jane Young returned Wednesday to Rushville, after spending the holidays at her home here.

Hay, corn, oats and all kinds of feed at BROOK MILL; 'phones 240.

Miss Sadie Dohrt, after a pleasant holiday vacation, returned to Northwestern University, where she will resume her studies.

W. G. Wasson, of St. Louis, representing the Crane company of this city, spent Wednesday here on business with city officials.

Miss Helen Calky, who has been ill for the past two weeks, was taken to Passavant hospital Wednesday morning.

Rev. Robert Stevens, expected to leave this morning for a tour of Barry, Hulls and New Salem, all in Pike county.

Miss E. Laura Ripley, teacher of art in Illinois college, may be seen at Academy hall by those desiring courses in art, between 10 and 12 in morning and 4 and 5 in afternoon during present week; Saturday excepted.

Members of M. P. L. Council, No. 19, are requested to be present at the meeting this evening. Election of officers and financial statement.

F. G. Hocking, who has been ill for some time, is able to be out again, though he is still weak and suffering with asthma to some extent.

Mrs. M. F. Andre and daughter, both of Meredosia, were visiting their relatives and friends in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. March and son, Albert Robinson, left Wednesday morning, after a brief visit in the city, for their home in Rock Island.

Robert Mitch has returned from La Mar county, Mo., where he went to see his mother, who was injured severely by a fall. He left her much better.

Dr. C. M. Vertrees, of Murrayville, was in the city Wednesday to attend the funeral of Dr. M. A. Halsted, with whom he was associated on the pension examining board.

Friends of Mrs. W. T. Marsh, of Evanston, will be glad to learn that she was not in the Iroquois theatre fire, as was feared from the first reports that were received.

J. Herman has swung to the breeze his sign over the store on the corner of East State street and the square, the one he is to occupy as soon as it is ready for his Illinois Millinery House.

W. L. Clark, of the United States cavalry forces, was in the city Wednesday on his way back to Ft. Clark, Texas, after a twenty days' furlough, most of which time has been spent at the home of his parents in Virginia.

Word has been received from Mr. and Mrs. Frank Elliott, who sailed from Naples, Italy, recently on the steamer Carpathia, that the ship would be docked Thursday. The Carpathia was three days overdue and some little anxiety was beginning to be felt by relatives here.

Miss E. Laura Ripley, teacher of art in Illinois college, may be seen at Academy hall by those desiring courses in art, between 10 and 12 in morning and 4 and 5 in afternoon during present week; Saturday excepted.

Miss Catherine Pyatt has resigned her position as teacher of the Blue Grass school near Orleans and has accepted a place as instructor in the public schools of Petersburg, and has assumed her duties there. The citizens of the little capital of Menard may rely on some good teaching in the room assigned the young lady.

Rev. A. McLean, of Cincinnati, president of the Foreign Christian Missionary society, and Rev. W. P. Bentley, of Shanghai, China, are in the city to assist in the Christian church rally to day. Rev. Mr. McLean is a guest of Rev. R. F. Thropp and Rev. Mr. Bentley is at the home of George Hillerby. Rev. G. L. Wharton, of Bilapuri, India, is also here, a guest of his brother, J. B. Wharton, and will also speak to day.

ATTENTION, GAR-

MENT WORKERS.

All members of local union No. 198 are urged to be present to night, as there will be important business up for consideration.

Charles Godfrey, Pres.
Mollie Donovan, Sec.

January 5th
JANUARY 5th

THE OPERA HOUSE

Dr. Gray, the Owner, Does Not Feel That He Has Been Treated Fairly.

Editor Jacksonville Daily Journal: In your issue of the 5th inst., I notice an article entitled as above, in which a large amount of praise is accorded to your honorable mayor, and condemnation without stint is meted out to me as the owner of said opera house. I would not feel like paying any attention to said article were it not for the fact that others of a similar nature have preceded it, which can have but one tendency—that of creating an unwarranted feeling among your citizens, against me, calling for the inference that I am wholly without regard for the lives and safety of the patrons of said house. Before giving loose rein to unbridled censure in this matter, I would like to ask if it would not be the part of wisdom to calmly consider the situation as it actually exists, and has existed ever since the opera house was built. Under the law it was the duty of the original builders of the house to provide the same with sufficient fire escapes immediately. Under the same law it was the duty of the city council to cause a notice to be served in the manner prescribed by the statute upon the owner of such building, to provide such escapes within thirty days from service of such notice. Now, for the purpose of enabling the public to satisfy themselves as to whom, and to what extent censure properly lies, I would like to ask a few questions:

1. Who built "Our Opera House"? How long has it been built and in operation? What excuse, if any, existed for the omission of said builders to comply with the law, during the many years they were the sole owners of said building? How many mayors and boards of aldermen have presided over the destinies of your citizens since the erection of said building? What excuse do these respective councils offer for their failure to fulfill the duty which is just as imperatively placed upon them, as is the duty of erecting fire escapes placed, by the same statute, upon the owners of the building?

2. Is there any reason why a different rule should be applied to me as a non-resident owner of property in your city, than the rule applied in the past to your own citizens?

I would also call your attention to the fact that during the short time which I have owned the property, I have been constantly expending large sums of money in beautifying and improving said building, and increasing the facilities for escape in case of accident, and generally adding to its safety, and am still engaged in pushing said improvements toward completion. Now, in calling attention to these facts, I do not wish to be understood as attempting to censure others, or to relieve myself of duties because others have failed in the performance of theirs.

The truth lies in the fact that we have all of us been more or less derelict in our duties; not only in Jacksonville, but in every city in the country, where theatres or opera houses are maintained. Yet, this carelessness can not be said to imply a reckless indifference to the lives of others, and it seems very foolish for sensible people to suffer themselves to be so carried away by excitement as to impute any such motives to any of the many persons who have failed to comply promptly with the law.

Let us at all times be guided by our intelligence and reason.

W. A. Gray.

MISSIONARY RALLY.

The annual missionary rally of the Christian church will be held to day. The public is invited to attend.

A. McLean, president of the Foreign society; G. L. Wharton, who returns to India this year, and Mr. Bentley, one of their missionaries to China, will be present, besides the following speakers on the following subjects:

"The Gospel—A Trust," by C. E. French; "The Gospel—A Power," by J. W. Camp; "The Lord Working With Them," J. W. Carpenter; "Our Greatest Need in India," G. L. Wharton; "The Watchword for the Year," M. E. Elder; "Greater Things Than These," M. E. Dutt; "The Dignity of the Missionary Enterprise," G. W. Miller; "The Up-to-date Pastor and Foreign Missions," Charles Hill; "Helping With Our Supplications," Elder George Hillerby; "The Magic of the Living Link Idea," J. E. Lynne.

The rally will begin at 10 a. m. and close about 4 p. m., with a recess of two hours, beginning at noon. It is expected that there will be a large attendance and a most helpful service. A missionary rally is as interesting and as profitable as a day spent at a national convention. The public is cordially invited to attend.

A basket dinner will be held at 12:30 p. m. Members and friends are invited to bring their dinner baskets with provisions for the noon hour.

ADJUDGED A BANKRUPT.

Charles A. Hinchee, formerly of this city, recently filed a petition in bankruptcy at Kansas City, Mo., and was adjudged a bankrupt on Dec. 19, 1903. Assets, \$150; liabilities, \$5,500.

Red kidney and bladder troubles can always be prevented by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Embroidery Sale!

11500 yards of Embroidery bought at a sacrifice, and now we have them open and ready for the greatest sale you ever attended.

Prices That Are Astounding

Use Embroidery! It's as cheap as tearing up muslin for trimmings.

5c values for 3c	8c values for 5c
10c values for 8c	15c values 10c
20c values 12½c	25c values 19c
40c values 30c	50c values 39c

We quote these low prices to brisk up trade during the January lull. As soon as the sale is over they go back to the old prices which were the very lowest for such values.

These goods are the new patterns with best wash edges, insertings to match, from the Hamburg quality to the finest Swisses.

Come Look at Them

The Big Store
JACKSONVILLE

Trading Stamps

Cash Buying

AN OLD PAPER.

E. D. Pyatt has loaned the Journal a copy of this paper, then the Morgan Journal, of July 4, 1845, and a perusal of it is interesting. The first page is largely devoted to an article taken from the Alton Telegraph, which complains of the fact that since the assassination of Owen Lovejoy in that place eight years before it had made little or no progress and declared it was owing to misrepresentations and persecution. It is a fact, anyhow, that Alton was once ahead of St. Louis and it is said that in early days letters were addressed to St. Louis near Alton, and whether the city was responsible or not for the death of the martyr, the fact remains that it was considered so and a curse rested upon it and the stigma will never be removed though now it is pretty well forgotten. It is said that the real murderers were not citizens of that place, but from across the river and thus "Poor Old Missouri" has another load to bear. Abolitionists are spoken of in the article as a very bad lot of people and even anti-slavery men are denounced and the paper delights in the fact that but a very few reside there.

Among the advertisements in the paper many names familiar to elderly residents appear: J. W. King, jeweler; Brown & Yates, William Thomas, Hardin & Smith, James Berdan, attorneys; Drs. O. M. Long and N. English; D. B. Ayers and Robert Hockenbush, druggists; Matt Stacy and M. Rapp, harness; D. Robb, T. D. Eames, McDonald & Logan, O. Wilkinson, C. Hook, King & Campbell, dry goods and groceries and many others recall days of old.

The regular annual meeting of the shareholders of the Ayers National bank, Jacksonville, Illinois, for the election of directors, will be held at its banking house on Jan. 12, 1904, between the hours of 10 and 4 of said day.

C. G. Rutledge, Cashier.

AT THE WOMAN'S COLLEGE.

Edmund Vance Cooke, who appeared in the Christian church lecture course Tuesday evening, entertained the students at the Woman's college at the chapel exercises Wednesday morning in a most delightful manner. He recited from his own writings and gave several selections. A number of new students have been enrolled at the college since the opening of the new term Tuesday.

MATT SHAFF POST, G. A. R.

Check will be a meeting of the post Friday at 7:30 p. m. for the installation of officers. Refreshments after the installation.

William Kirby, Com. of Post, and

Hillerby, Vickery & Brady

We Wish All Our Friends

A Happy New Year

We appreciate the liberal patronage of the past year and ask for a continuance of the same.

Hillerby, Vickery & Brady

South Side Square.

So the People

May Know

Northern potatoes, per bu.	90c
Two 2-lb. cans peas	15c
Three 1-lb. pkgs fancy cleaned currants	25c
Homemade mince meat, per lb	10c
Sauer kraut, per gallon	20c
Large German dill pickles, per dozen	20c
New mixed nuts, per lb	15c
Red kidney beans, 3 lbs for	25c

J. H. Zell,
East State Street
GROCER

FRANK J. HEINL
Loans & Real Estate
FARMS AND CITY PROPERTY
Money to Loan
FIRE INSURANCE
10-100-1000-10000



Plumbing Troubles

Imperfect plumbing makes real trouble. If you have an imperfect job, better fix it. We'll make it right for you. Whether it's repair or new work, we respond promptly, do it well and get your approval with our best.

Landers, Keele & Co.

Anderson & Son

EMBALMERS

Funeral Directors

January Bargains are Now

Offered at This
Store

A. WEHL.

WISHING YOU A Happy New Year

Please bear in mind
we have received a
shipment of Argen-
taly silver polish.

Bassett & Fairbank Jewelers

OLD SMOKER



**Old Smoker
Little Monarch
Gold Leaf
Vaneta, 10c**

SPECIAL CASH PRICES FOR CHRISTMAS

- | | |
|--|------------|
| Good prunes, lb. | 1.00 |
| 2-lb. can choice pumpkin |05 |
| 2-lb. can beans or blackberries |05 |
| 2-lb. can asparagus |05 |
| 2-lb. can stringless beans |10 |
| 3-lb. can baked pork and beans to-
mato sauce |10 |
| 3-lb. can early June peas |05 |
| 3-lb. can Sweet Wrinkled peas |05 |
| 3 lbs. seedless raisins |25 |
| 3 1/2-lb. cans tomatoes 5c, 12 cans for |25 |
| 1 gal. strained pumpkins |25 |
| 1 gal. can fancy tomatoes |25 |
| 1 gal. can peach butter |25 |
| 1 gal. can pure maple syrup | 1.00 |
| 1 quart can maple syrup |25 |
| English walnuts and soft shell al-
monds, lb. |20 |
| Fancy mixed nuts (all new), lb. |20 |
| New pecans, dates and figs |20 |
| Fancy cluster raisins, lb. |20 |
| Get the best. Chambers keeps and sells
the finest Teas and Coffees in this market
and sells at lowest cash prices. | |

AT
R.R. Chambers' Cash Store
215 South Main Street.

Pure Crystal Ice

Now is the time to arrange for
your season's ice.

BARTLETT & SNYDER
Ice plant and office 409 North
Main street. Telephones 204.

S.R. Armstrong


—DEALER IN—
Wall Paper, Pictures,
Artist's Materials, Picture
Frames at half price. Mix-
ed Paints and Varnishes.

PAINTING

Equal its branches. Espec-
ial attention paid to Framing
and Tapestry painting.
Prices lower than the
lowest.

331 WEST STATE STREET.

**Greetings of
the Season**



**Thanks for
Past Favors**

H. L. GRISWOLD
The Progressive
DENTIST.
West Side Square.

Santa should
have those
false teeth
ready, if they
may be too late
when he
comes again.

The Daily Journal.

THE JOURNAL COMPANY

HAWES TATES, President.
S. W. NICHOLS, Treasurer.
W. L. PAT, Secretary.
TERMS OF THE DAILY.
One year, postage paid..... \$5.00
Three months, postage paid..... 1.50
One month, postage paid..... .50
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY.
One year, postage paid..... \$1.00
Six months, postage paid..... .75
Subscribers who fail to get their papers
regularly will confer a favor upon us by
reporting the same to this office, either
in person, by telephone or postal card.
All business, news letters or telegrams
should be addressed to
THE JOURNAL COMPANY,
Jacksonville, Ill.
Bell and Illinois 'Phones: Nos. 64.



IS IT POSSIBLE?

In a speech in congress Dec. 15th,
Hon. H. T. Rainey gave utterance
to some sentiments which are sadly
at variance with the doctrines prom-
ulgated by our esteemed contempo-
rary, the Courier, and sundry other
Democratic organs of the state. The
Courier said some harsh things about
the Louisiana legislature, but it will
hardly question Mr. Rainey's Demo-
cracy. A part of his speech is pre-
sented:

"Mr. Chairman: In the brief time
I propose to speak I shall address my
remarks to the recent events occurring
on the Isthmus of Panama which
have attracted the attention of the
civilized world. I propose to consid-
er the building of the Panama canal
in its relation to a deep waterway
from the great lakes to the Gulf of
Mexico. The republic of Panama is
an established fact. Nothing I can
say will in any manner alter exist-
ing conditions. It has been recognized
by the great world powers, and so far
as I am concerned as a citizen of this
republic and representing here in
part one of its greatest states, I would
not alter existing conditions if I
could.

"Looking at the matter as a ques-
tion merely of ethics, the present ad-
ministration might be subjected to
some criticism; but great world move-
ments do not wait upon questions of
ethics. I have no word of criticism
or condemnation for the high offi-
cials of this government who have
conducted and carried to a successful
issue these negotiations. The canal is
now an assured fact. It will be con-
structed along the route already se-
lected by congress. It is too late now
to discuss the Nicaragua route. The
deliberate judgment of this house was
in favor of the Panama route, and
that matter is settled now forever.

"It may be that the republic of
Panama sprung quickly into exist-
ence. It is true it was quickly recog-
nized by this administration; but
things happen quickly in this new
century. It was not recognized too
soon to suit me. I am in favor of
recognizing republics wherever and
whenever they are established. This
is Democratic doctrine. It is in har-
mony with our own origin and with
the spirit of our own constitution. I
can see no harm in protecting infant
republics from the encroachment and
tyranny of older and stronger pow-
ers."

(Here follows a strong plea for
Philippine independence.)

"But in the great events which
have just occurred, I do not think the
president and his advisers have acted
at the dictation of any party or in
the interest of any party. They have
simply become the instruments to
carry into effect the fixed determina-
tion of 80,000,000 people. In the his-
tory of the centuries the time has
come to build the isthmian canal, and
the strongest nation in all the world
proposes now to build it. For this
great work the world has waited
through four long busy centuries,
and the hour has come. No man or
party can afford to stand in the way
of this great world movement, for
such a man or party there impends
certain and immediate disaster.

"This is an era of canal building.
The Suez canal is open to the com-
merce of the world. The great Baltic
ship canal is now in operation.

"The era of railroad building is
about to come to an end, and the wa-
ter controlling period of the world
is upon us.

"The city of Chicago has started to
build a new road to the sea for its
own shipping and for the shipping of
the great lakes, and without the aid
or assistance of the state government
or the national government has al-
ready expended for that purpose
\$35,000,000 and has already construct-
ed a great canal, through which al-
most any vessel that is able to go
through the Suez canal can pass. Al-
ready the city of Chicago has restored
to the great lakes their ancient
outlet, and the blue waters of these
inland seas are now again flowing
through the Illinois and Mississippi
rivers to the Mexican gulf.

"But there is another and a more
potent reason why no man who lives
in the Mississippi valley ought now
to complain of recent events or object.
The time has arrived in the his-
tory of the western world when the
east and west movement of commerce
is, in a measure, about to end, and
when the north and south movement
of commerce is about to commence.
The building of this canal is a most
important step in this direction, and
its immediate construction becomes
a matter of vast importance to every
man, woman and child living in that
part of the country which lies be-
tween our great mountain ranges.

"During the past century, and a
quarter of our national existence
commerce has moved along east and
west lines. Our development has been
from the east toward the west. Raw
material has been brought from the
west to the eastern states. The man-
ufactured product has been shipped
back from the east to the west.

"As a result of these conditions
great transcontinental railways have
been constructed. The idea hereto-
fore has prevailed that there is some
normal law which compels the move-
ment of commerce across meridians
of longitude. As a matter of fact,
the natural direction for commerce
to move on this continent and in the
world is across parallels of latitude.
The north and south movement is
about to commence.

"Our country is now practically
fully occupied. There is no longer
any considerable westward movement
of our population. On the contrary,
immigration on this continent has
been deflected, and an army of farm-
ers are crossing our northern bound-
ary and occupying the wheat lands
of Canada. Already, and within the
last twelve months, 100,000 men have
left this country and crossed into
Canada. The peaceful conquest of
that country has commenced.

"Our manufacturing establishments
are seeking a location near the fuel
they burn and the raw material they
consume. Within the last five years
fires have been started in thousands
of factories throughout the south-
land.

"We are beginning to realize that
the omnipotent God has provided the
great central portion of our contin-
ent with the grandest system of nat-
ural waterways in all the world, in-
tended for the purpose of conveying
to the sea the products of the Mis-
sissippi valley.

"We are arranging to celebrate the
100th anniversary of the Louisiana
purchase. We are reminded in this
connection that the thought underly-
ing that purchase was the Mississippi
river and its tributaries as an outlet
for a great continental valley.

"The dream of the old French voy-
ageurs was a great New France, un-
der a feudal government, extending
from the frozen north along the lakes,
the Illinois and the Mississippi riv-
ers, to the southern gulf. That dream
is about to be realized by a different
race of men, under different condi-
tions, and under a free government.

"The great city of Chicago is de-
stined within the next decade to be-
come the commercial and financial
center of the country, and is destined
to become in the decade after that
the commercial and financial center
of the world. The time has come
when her great interests and the in-
terests of the millions of people who
live in the Mississippi valley demand
that she shall have an outlet to the
sea. (Applause).

"The different sections of our coun-
try are becoming self-sustaining.
When that happens commerce must
naturally travel over parallels of lati-
tude in order that the products of
colder climes may be more readily ex-
changed for the products of tropical
countries.

"The northward movement of our
agricultural population, the completion
by Chicago of her great canal,
large enough to permit the passage
of almost any vessel that sails the
seas, and the prospect that this gov-
ernment will in the immediate fu-
ture complete the canal commenced
by the French across the isthmus,
thus opening the entire Pacific ocean
to the north and south movement of
commerce—all these things concur
and mark unmistakably the begin-
ning on this continent of a movement
of commerce across parallels of lati-
tude.

"The development of a great wa-
terway from the lakes to the gulf, and
through the gulf to Atlantic ports,
and through the isthmian canal to the
south Pacific ocean is now almost
an assured fact. It requires only a
little more excavation between the
Chicago drainage canal and the Illi-
nois river, the removal of the locks
and dams in that river, a little dredg-
ing, some provision for protecting
valley lands by levees against the in-
creased flow of water through the
rivers, and the thing is done, and the
coastal line of the United States is,
in effect, doubled.

"The expenditure of fabulous mil-
lions of money can not compel com-
merce to move again on east and
west lines. The Erie canal has had its
period of usefulness. It will not be
a considerable factor in the move-
ment of heavy freight in the years to
come, and the expenditure of mil-
lions of money will not be able to ac-
complish an unnatural movement of
commerce on east and west lines."

"The building of the isthmian can-
al has always been considered in
connection with a 'Lakes to the Gulf'
waterway. In 1848, just prior to the
canal treaty entered into between this
government and New Granada, the
state then presided at Panama on the
Isthmus of Panama, the great canal
was proposed, and the United States
government agreed to build it, and the
Isthmian canal was built, and the great
waterway was opened, and the world
was divided into two halves, and the
commerce of the world was changed,
and the world was made smaller, and
the world was made more united, and
the world was made more prosperous,
and the world was made more happy,
and the world was made more free,
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City and County

Hale; 'phones 74; Athens coal.

Clyde Fox, of Pisgah precinct, was in the city yesterday.

M. O. Mathews represented Joy Prairie in town yesterday.

Charles Cole, of Springfield, is making a brief visit in the city.

Capt. F. C. Taylor was able to be up town yesterday, after a week's illness.

J. R. Loar and wife have returned from an extended visit with relatives and friends in the east.

James Tunney has returned from New Berlin, where he went to attend the funeral of his father-in-law, Mr. Corbett.

John Lonergan was taken to Our Savior's hospital Wednesday, suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Fred Coleman left Wednesday for St. Louis on a brief business trip, after a two weeks' vacation spent at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Coleman.

Charles S. Nichols and Floyd E. Boston, who have been spending the holidays in this city, will return this morning to Lexington, Va., where they are attending school.

Miss E. Laura Ripley, teacher of art in Illinois college, may be seen at Academy hall by those desiring courses in art, between 10 and 12 in morning and 4 and 5 in afternoon during present week; Saturday excepted.

About twenty young people from the Point neighborhood were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Ira Patterson Wednesday night at their home on South Diamond street. The evening was spent playing bridge, pin and other games and the time was passed very enjoyably. Refreshments were served.

THE BIRTH RECORD.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Harlan, of Sharpe street, a daughter.

COURT OF HONOR HOME.

The home for the Court of Honor, which has been in course of preparation for some time in Springfield, is now almost complete, and the order hopes to be able to move into their new quarters in the course of two weeks or less. The building is being handsomely fitted up. At the next meeting of the board arrangements will be made for the entertainment to be given in honor of the removal to the new offices. Nothing definite has yet been decided, but it is intended to make the event a notable one.

POSTPONE MEETING.

The County Judges' association of Illinois did not meet in Springfield as arranged. A number of the judges were there, but several who were expected and whose presence was very necessary wired at the last minute they could not be present. After consultation among those present it was decided to hold the meeting Jan. 26.

A REGISTERED DRUGGIST SPEAKS.

Mr. Homer Alvey, registered pharmacist and manager of the West Side drug store, Lincoln, Ill., speaking of a medicine advertised in our columns says: "I have sold Harts' Honey and Horehound for two years and regard it as a medicine of exceptional merit for the cure of Croup, Coughs, Colds and La Grippe." For children Harts' Honey and Horehound is undoubtedly the safest and best, as it contains no opium or other narcotics and is pleasant to take. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles sold by Lee P. Alcott.

READ THE JOURNAL; 10c WEEK.

LAUNDRY WAR.

A laundry war has been inaugurated in Jacksonville. The Chinamen want the laundry business in this city and are making a bid for it by cutting to less than half the prices on starched goods which have been charged during the past year. Nearly a year ago the laundry workers organized a union in this city, and at that time, in order to pay higher wages, which were called for in the union scale, a slight raise was made in laundry work. The Chinese laundries agreed to ask the prices fixed by the union and raised their prices accordingly. But something has gone wrong, and a big cut in prices was announced early in the week. One considerably interested in the laundry business here stated that the Chinamen say that they will make the American laundries in this city quit business.

Several Chinamen arrived in the city from St. Louis Wednesday and a new Chinese laundry will be opened on South Main street at an early date.

For the American laundries to come to the prices announced by the Chinese laundries means a cut in the wages of the laundry workers, or close their doors. It is becoming a serious question with the laundry workers' union and committees have been appointed to consult with the public in general regarding patronage of Chinese laundries. Pickets have been stationed near Chinese laundries to ask people not to patronize them. It is serious with the laundry workers for the reason that nearly fifty people are employed in the two American laundries, mostly women, and they are now receiving living wages. To cut laundry prices in half means a cut in wages.

ELECT OFFICERS.

The local chapter of the Commercial Telegraphers' union held a well attended meeting Wednesday evening. Officers were chosen for the ensuing term: President, C. W. Henry; vice president, J. M. Lloyd; secretary-treasurer, Geo. A. Moore; marshals, J. W. Hartman. The order here is in a very flourishing condition.

EVENING COMPANY.

Carl Warner very pleasantly entertained the members of the Hikers' club Wednesday evening at his home on Ashland avenue. Refreshments were served and the evening was one of great enjoyment for all present.

PROBATE COURT.

Estate of Hanna Hills, deceased. Petition of H. Heaton for probate of will. Admitted.

Estate of John W. Johnson, deceased. Final report approved.

STATIONERY SALE.

This week we put on sale all 50c, 35c and 25c box stationery at half price: 25c, 18c, 13c; rare bargains.

LEDGER'S BOOK STORE.

BOWLING MATCH.

In a bowling contest between two picked teams at the Drexel alleys Wednesday evening the team captained by Killam proved the victor. The score was as follows:

	Total.	Ave.
A. Groves	446	148 2-3
Dinsmore	494	164 2-3
J. Groves	402	134
Coons	466	155 1-3
Owens	391	130 1-3
Total	2,490	
	Total.	Ave.
Ledford	408	136
Best	546	182
Killam	507	169
Schaffer	472	157 1-3
Michaels	460	153 1-3
Total	2,453	

At the Brunswick, to night the Brunswick and Country club teams will bowl.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Members of Christian Church Hold Business Session Last Night—Good Reports.

The members of the Christian church held their annual meeting Wednesday night, with a large attendance. Reports were made by representatives of the fourteen societies of the church. The offerings for missions were doubled during the year. The clerk, C. L. Hayden, reported fifty-five added to the church at regular services. All departments show a healthy growth and a spirit of good cheer and optimism pervaded the meeting.

The pastor, Rev. R. F. Thrapp, reported thirty funerals during the year. A memorial prayer was offered by Elder Walter Rice, after which the congregation sang, "Gathering Home."

The Aid society of the mission school, of but a few numbers, reported over \$200 raised during the year. Mrs. S. D. Osborne, president of the Old People's home, spoke of the work of the home in an encouraging manner. This church has an honorable history of seventy-three years and the year just closed was the best of its existence. Reports were made by the following persons: C. L. Mathis, for the South Side mission; George Brady, as church treasurer; D. Rees Browning, as financial secretary; Mrs. C. L. Hayden, for the charity fund; Miss Cora Dewese, for the calendar coterie; Miss Louisa Hamilton, for the Clio circle; O. L. Hill, for the Mens league; George L. Douglas, for the Sunday school; Miss Bessie Kitzer, for the Junior Endeavor society (this organization is the banner society in the state and raised a large sum for missions during the year); Lynn Pyatt, for the Christian Endeavor; Mrs. F. M. Purviance, for the C. W. B. M.; Mrs. Peckham, for Ladies' society No. 1; Mrs. C. L. Mathis, for No. 2, and Mrs. H. V. Russell for No. 3.

The following deacons were elected to serve for a term of four years: D. W. Osborne, B. B. Gray and George Harney.

CHOOSE THEIR OFFICERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' Mutual County Fire Insurance company was held at the office of Upham Bros. Reports presented showed the affairs of the company to be in a very satisfactory condition. The following officers were again elected: President—C. S. French, Chapin. Treasurer—O. H. Cully, Jacksonville. Secretary—A. M. Upham, Jacksonville.

The following were elected directors for a term of three years: William Patterson, Edmund Blackburn, and L. A. Barr.

LIVED IN CHICAGO.

The remains of G. A. Fortune, who was found near Prentice Sunday and who died that night at Passavant hospital, were sent to Chicago on advice received from the city. On a card in the man's pocket was the address, "Julia A. Kingsley, 148 Huron street, Chicago." Coroner Reynolds sent a telegram to that address asking for information concerning Fortune. An answer was received stating that Fortune lived at 226 West 21st Division street, Chicago. Mr. Reynolds sent a telegram to the address indicated and an answer came asking that the body be sent to Chicago.

Miss E. Laura Ripley, teacher of art in Illinois college, may be seen at Academy hall by those desiring courses in art, between 10 and 12 in morning and 4 and 5 in afternoon during present week; Saturday excepted.

A FIRE ESCAPE.

Squire Henderson tells of an ingenious fire escape described to him by a man who traveled for a wholesale house, which provided each of its men on the road with one of the appliances and taught them how to use it. He said it consisted of about a hundred feet of web, strong enough to support the weight of a man easily. At the end was a hook so arranged that in an instant it could be fastened to a bed post or anything of a suitable character, and the other end thrown from a window to the ground. The web has the advantage of being less likely to become tangled than a rope and it also can be used better for the purpose of sliding down. The owner said it had already saved his life in a large hotel, and he always carried it with him. Among other things he said it was always best to slide down with your back to the wall of the building so that you would pass all obstructions more easily, and then it was also possible, as once in his case, to stop a moment at a window sill and take a short rest, if there was no fire there. Give the web a wrap or two around an arm or leg and it would supply enough friction to insure a safe descent, as a rule. Such a precaution would doubtless save a good many lives if always at hand and used properly.

FARM RESIDENCE BURNED.

Petersburg, Jan. —The two-story frame residence of Jackson Sewell, five miles south of Petersburg, burned to the ground last night about midnight with its contents. The fire had gained such headway when it was discovered that it was impossible to save anything. John Riel, of this place, who was staying at the home of Mr. Sewell at the time, was badly burned about the head and face. He was brought to his home here this morning. It is not thought that his burns will prove fatal. All the other occupants of the house escaped without injury. It is not known exactly how the fire started, but it may have been from a fire. The building was a handsome structure and the total loss will be fully \$4,500.

PASTOR'S GREETING.

Last Sunday the pastor of the Christian church, Rev. R. F. Thrapp, presented to each person present at the services a token of affection in the way of a New Year's greeting. The photos of the pastor and of the associate pastor, Rev. Herbert P. Shaw, occupy the front and last pages. The inside pages contain some words of greeting and admonition. The pamphlet is a work of art and is a remembrance which will be cherished by the members and friends of the church.

CARPENTERS' UNION.

Officers were elected Wednesday night by local union, No. 904, of Carpenters and Joiners, as follows:

President—W. H. Stull. Vice president—S. P. Angelo. R. S.—J. M. Black. F. S.—George James. Conductor—Louis Hahn. Warden—B. M. Lacy. Trustees—John Floberg, Charles White and H. L. Seymour. Auditing committee—C. D. Smith, W. S. Lacy and A. W. Goodrick. A smoker was given after the election and a general good time was enjoyed.

CENTENARY REVIVAL.

The meeting last night was full of the real spirit. The singing was fine and the congregation was good; the sermon inspiring, strong, direct and uplifting. The interest was marked and everyone felt in the spirit. A splendid altar service was held. Rev. Dr. George Scrimger was at his best and earnestly preached the Word. Rev. A. L. T. Ewert led the meeting in general and kept every movement in line with the object of the meeting—the salvation of souls. Each meeting shows an increase in numbers and spirit. Meeting to night.

GOODS SOLD WELL.

The public sale held by Charles Wyatt Wednesday, one mile northwest of Alexandria, was well attended and everything went at fair prices. Horses brought from \$70 to \$135; cows, \$40 to \$50; 2-year-old steers, \$46 to \$75; brood sows, \$20; pigs, \$3.95. Total receipts, \$1,530. The sale was conducted by Jerry Cox & Son, auctioneers, and M. J. Clerihan, clerk.

THE BIRTH RECORD.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Godfrey, a daughter.

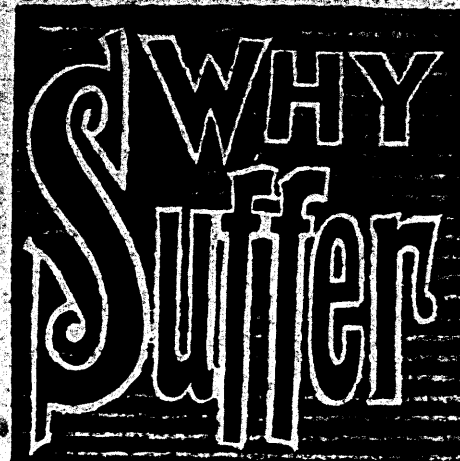
FAITH AND FACT.

Faith is one thing and fact is another, it sometimes takes any amount of faith to produce one fact. Years of earnest work and faith have produced one fact about medicine that is deserving of mention here. If people who are troubled with general weakness through overwork, dissipation or exposure can get a remedy that will make rich red blood from the food they eat, their return to health is assured. Good blood is the life of the body as well as the nerves. Weak, sickly, pale people who suffer with indigestion, dyspepsia, sick head aches, loss of strength and ambition, having their spells and always tired, can be cured sound and well with Dr. Gunn's Blood and Nerve Tonic. Sold by druggists or direct from the manufacturer, Dr. J. H. Gunn, 100 North Third Street, St. Louis, Mo.

FOR WANT OF

Heavy Winter Clothing?

Lots of Cold Snaps are due



Before invoicing we are anxious to close many items of winter goods and we make it a positive saving to you to buy now and keep warm.

Winter Overcoats and Heavy Ulsters

at substantial reductions from former prices. Late deliveries make the selections of sizes still good.

Buy Now

BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS

We will not let the price stand in the way if you need these goods to keep the boys warm.

Brook & Stice

12 West Side Square.



Turn Over a New Leaf

Have Your Home Furnished as You Want It. Fix Up For 1904. Buy Furniture Here.

A Happy New Year
In store for the woman who begins it with a BUCK'S RANGE



THE O. K. STORE'S

January Sale of White Goods

Great Lots of Snowy White Cottons, Secured Before the Big Rise in Prices, on Special Sale This Week.

Grand Opportunity for Early Sewing

Ladies who like to get their sewing done up in January or February will appreciate this chance to secure such goods as these at our sale prices.

Bleached and unbleached muslins
Wide sheeting
Pillow casings and tubings
Fine cambrics
Ready made sheets and pillow cases
White quilts
English long cloths
Fine plain nainsooks
Striped and checked dummies.
Pure linen waistings,

Mercerized Oxfords
Linen sheetings,
Fine white piques and welts
Checked nainsooks
India linens
Lace striped white goods
Machine-made torchon laces
Special qualities in embroideries
Beautiful white waistings.

YOU CANNOT MAKE A MISTAKE

In buying such goods as these right now. The prices will not be so low again this year and the styles are all new, just opened this week.

F. J. Waddell & Co

No. 9 West Side Square.

We are Loaded

With all the good things in

Office Supplies

Ledgers, Day Books, Cash Books, Diaries, Calendar Pads, Letter files and Cabinets. Inks, Papers, Pens, Invoice Books, Stick Files and one thousand little articles you need every day.

School Supplies

School Books, Pen and Pencil Tablets, Crayons, Pencils, Erasers, Pens, Sharpeners, Compasses, Composition and Note Books. Everything used in school.

STATIONERY

Of every description. Tablets, Envelopes, Box stationery, Pound Goods, etc.

A Snap: This week we put on sale about 300 boxes of Fine Stationery at Half Price. 50c Box Paper 25c; 35c Paper 18c; 25c Paper 13c. This is a genuine clearance sale. Nothing reserved.

LEDGER'S BOOK STORE

BUSINESS CARDS

DR. T. A. WANELY.
Office and Residence, 319 South
Main Street.
Office Hours—8 to 9 A. M. 1 to 5
P. M. and 6 to 7 P. M.
Telephone Illinois Only 154.

BYRON S. CAILEY, M. D.
Oculist and Aurist State School for the
Deaf, Jacksonville, Ill.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
HOUSES, 2nd and 3rd W. Olive St.
Cincinnati, Ohio, and residence for West State St.
and Duplan House, Jacksonville, Ill.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL
DR. ALVIN L. ADAMS
Oculist and Aurist.
announces the removal of his office to
King's office building (ground floor),
West State Street, third door east of
Duplan House, Jacksonville, Ill.

DR. J. ALLMOND BAY.
Suits 11 and 12, Morrison Block, opposite
Court House, West State Street.
Medicine and Surgery.
Hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m.; 2 to 4 p. m.
Telephone: Bell, red 313, Illinois, 718.

DR. FRANK P. NORBURY.
OFFICE, 40 WEST STATE STREET.
Office telephone, 217.
Hours: 10-10:30 a. m. to 12 m.; 1:30 to 4 p. m.
Special attention to diseases of the
Heart and Nervous System.
Residence, 1023 West State Street. Tele-
phone 114.

DR. G. W. CORRIALL.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office and residence 218 1/2 East
state street; office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.
to 9 p. m. Tel. Illinois 486.

W. E. YOUNG, B. M. D.
Dentist.
Office in Yarrow building, West State St.

JOHN K. KLINE,
 JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
 DR. EDWARD BOWE
 100 West State St. Telephone, 677.
 BOWE—10 to 1; 5 to 8 P. M.
 Sundays, until 10:30 a. m.
 DR. RICHARD MAYFIELD
 Physician and Surgeon.
 Office, 224 South Side Square. Hours—
 9 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m.
 Residence, 23 South Main Street.
 Telephone, Residence, 186; office, 117; barn
 office, 657.

DR. C. E. BURKHOLDER,
Physician and Surgeon.
318 WEST COLLEGE AVENUE.
HOURS—10 a. m. to 12 m.; 1 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.
Sundays—8 to 10 a. m.; 5 to 9 p. m.
Telephone, Red 4.

SEPPHINE MILLICAN, M. D.
318 WEST STATE STREET.
Office hours—10 a. m. to 12 m.; 4 to 9 p. m.
Telephone—Residence, Main 181; office, in 375.

ROSEBUD DINSMORE M. D.
 Office Hours—
 9 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.
 Telephone—
 Bell, 180; Illinois, 180.
 W. Court St., Jacksonville, Ill.

DR. CARL E. BLACK.
 100 State Street. Telephone 24.
 Surgery, Passavant Memorial Hospital

Our Savior's Hospital
 Office hours—8 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.
 Hospital hours—8 to 11 a. m. **Sundays**
 Sundays by appointment.

DR. DAVID REID.
 Physician and Surgeon.
 Office and residence, 285 West Oak.

DR. J. E. WHARTON
Medicine and Surgery.
Office 215 West College avenue. Phone,
141.
Residence 124 Pine street. Phone, 111.

515; Bell 2371.
Hours—10 15 12 a. m.; 2 to 6 and 7 to 8 p.
m.

DR. L. A. REED!
Dentist.
Office—115 North Block, opposite
Court House. Both Phones.

CHARLES HOPPER,
DENTIST
Office room 6, Farrell & Co. build-
ing, entrance on West State street.
DR. E. C. GONZA

Physician and Surgeon.
Special attention to diseases of women
and children.
Office hours, 2 to 6 and 7 to 9. Office and
residence, 216 W. College Ave. Phone
2784; Illinois, 524.

ANKLES OF THE STOMACH, WOMEN
AND CHILDREN.
Office—577 1/2 Fulton Square, ex-
hibitor's millinery store. Realizing
over \$11,000 on 134 67 1/2.
MAY 10-12 a. m.
James H. Kopp, office 435, 1st
floor.

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WITH EAGLE SPRING
CHURCH, VIRGINIA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
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Costs per pair	2 cents	40
Work called for and delivered		20

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

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I. RAWLINGS CLOTHING CO. AT COST

Our Entire Stock of Men's, Boys' Suits and
and Children's Overcoats

Men's Sweaters in Colors at \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50

F. A. MOSELEY, V. P.

M. H. HAVENHILL, Sec'y-Treas.

INDICATIONS.

Washington, Jan. 7.—For Illinois: Fair Thursday, warmer in north and central portion. Friday fair except rain or snow in north portion; colder; fresh to brisk south winds becoming northwesterly.

GAVE CONCERT

Second Recital in Series of Jeffries' Concert Band

The second recital in the series being given by Jeffries' Concert band took place Wednesday night in Conservatory hall. Miss Stella May Shuff, reader, ably assisted with the program, as did Melville T. Kennedy, pianist. The audience present filled the hall completely and each number of the program was thoroughly enjoyed. The concert was, of course, given under the direction of C. C. Jeffries and it added another to the list of musical successes made by the band. This was the program:

March—FriendshipAlthouse
Overture—Poet and PeasantVon Suppe
Monologue—The Sweet Girl Graduate.....Pauline Phelps
Miss Shuff.
Simple AveuThome
Intermezzo RusseTh. Franke
Grand selection—FaustGounod
Song for baritone—Clipsy JohnClay
Mr. Kennedy.
A Chilian Dance—MananaMissud
IngomarLovell
My ShipsElla Wheeler Wilcox
Watchin' the SparksBrooks
Miss Shuff.
Selection—Wizard of OzTietjens

FOUND FROZEN STIFF.

Long Branch, N. J., Jan. 6.—Two deep sea fishermen, James Newman and John Peterson, while off shore this morning setting nets, located a sloop lying at anchor in the ice. The vessel lay about five miles off Sea-bright. Upon investigation the fishermen saw two dead men, frozen stiff, lying on the deck. The fishermen rowed ashore and informed the life savers, who sent a boat to the sloop and brought the dead men ashore.

SALE OF THE ALTON

Road is Said to Have Been Purchased by the Union Pacific.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—A local paper to-morrow will say:

According to reliable authority the Alton road will be sold to the Union Pacific. This was the object of the Kuhn-Loeb circular asking for the deposit of stock to facilitate the sale of the road. The response to the request of the deposit of stock has been so general as to insure the success of the deal. The Alton will be used to afford the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific a direct Chicago outlet and the headquarters of the entire system may be moved to this city.

It is intimated that the purchase of the Alton by the Union Pacific may not in any way interfere with the plans suggested for the closer affiliation of the former with the Kansas City Southern.

CURED CONSUMPTION.

Meriden, Conn., Jan. 6.—Mrs. Geo. A. Allsworth, 40, and Miss Alice L. Flint, 24, who have been taking the outdoor treatment for consumption since last summer, slept on their verandas the last couple of nights with the thermometer from 25 to 35 degrees below zero. Their coverings, aside from the night clothes, were two woolen blankets and a quilt. Both women were in the last stages of tuberculosis when they began the outdoor treatment, and their cases had been pronounced hopeless. To day they were practically cured, according to physicians who have closely followed the case.

The many friends of G. H. Hausan, engineer on the L. E. & W. R. R., at present living in Lima, Ohio, will be pleased to know of his recovery from threatened kidney disease. He writes: "I was cured by using Foley's Kidney Cure, which I recommend to all, especially trainmen who are usually similarly afflicted." Sold by J. A. Obermeyer, City Drug Store.

KILLED IN WRECK

William Wells of This City One of Those who Lost Life in Rock Island Collision.

William Wells, who was a passenger on the ill-fated Rock Island California-Mexico express, which collided with a stock train near Willard, Kan., Wednesday, mention of which is made in the Associated Press dispatches, left here on the Wabash 1:43 train Tuesday afternoon. His destination was Los Angeles, where he was going in search of employment.

The first intimation the family of Mr. Wells had of his death was through the press dispatches and in response to telegrams it was learned by his brother, Ellsworth (Ted) Wells, that he was among the killed in the wreck.

William Wells had been a resident of this city for many years and was 38 years of age. He was a plasterer and brick layer by trade and was employed most of the time by Wells & Son. He was a good brick mason and a hard worker. He has many friends who will learn of his death with sincere regret.

He resided at 511 East Chambers street and is survived by a wife and five children. His father, Joseph Wells, and another brother, Harry Wells, also survive him.

The remains arrived in the city Thursday morning on the 1:20 Wabash train.

HEARSE DRIVER'S MISTAKE.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 6.—Edward Slater, a hearse driver, going to a funeral a few miles from Florence, Neb., stopped at a road house for a "bracer" the weather being bitterly cold. Being directed to a casket, Slater drank by mistake from a whisky flask that contained carbolic acid. He discovered his mistake instantly and jumping on his hearse started back to Florence. When the hearse reached the livery stable, Slater was found dead on his seat.

RAILROADS OF STATE

Report Made by the Commission—Large Increase in the Number of Employees.

The Illinois railroad and warehouse commission Wednesday gave out the advance sheets of its report for the year 1903. The railroads of the state, the report says, have continued to share largely in the general prosperity. Millions have been added and are being added to equipment, betterment and dividends. The board repeats its former recommendations for new legislation and asks for fuller authority over the many interurban trolley lines which in different form are doing the same work that steam roads have been doing. The need of enforcing the block system on all roads is again called to the attention of the legislature to protect people from accidents. The total mileage in the state is now 18,511 miles, an increase over 1902 of 496 miles. The total capital of all railroad corporations operating lines in this state is \$3,040,393,254, an increase of \$410,617,878 over 1902. The total assets of the lines inside the borders of the state for the year ending June 30, 1903, were \$4,040,384,535, an increase of \$427,198,043, and the total liabilities were \$4,444,284,601, an increase of \$388,520,418.

There were expended in the state for maintenance of way, conducting transportation and general expenses for the year ending June 30, 1903, \$115,660,810, an increase of \$9,690,471. The total income from operation of the lines in Illinois was \$132,812,534, an increase of \$10,542,040. Of this income \$31,498,934 came from passenger and mail trains, and the balance from freight and unclassified services.

The total number of passengers carried was 49,548,610, the average distance was 26.5 miles, the average amount from each passenger was 51 cents, and the amount per mile earned in passenger service, \$2.729, an increase of \$117. The tons of freight carried were 119,421,156, an average distance of 109 miles and the average amount received per ton was 75 cents. The freight earnings per mile were \$7.192. The average number of persons employed in Illinois on railroads was 103,385, an increase of 11,400, who received \$63,674,047 in salaries, an increase of \$8,396,944. The highest average salary was \$16.77 a day and the lowest \$1.37, the average salaries showing a remarkable increase over the preceding year. The average rate per day including general officers was \$2.06. Thirty-one passengers were killed in the state, a decrease of eight; 357 were injured; 282 employees were killed and 2,637 were injured.

The total number of locomotives in passenger service for the year ending June 30, 1903, was 3,273, the total number in freight service was 9,202 and in the switching service, 2,815, making a total of 15,290 locomotives. The number fitted with train brake was 15,008 and the number fitted with automatic coupler was 15,216. This shows a total increase in the number of locomotives over the previous year of 1,338.

The total number of cars in passenger service was 11,139; the total number in freight service, 611,402, and the number in the company's service, 20,328, making a total of 643,370 in use. The number fitted with train brake was 510,223 and the number fitted with automatic coupler was 640,188. This shows a total increase in the number of cars over the previous year of 80,610.

The number of miles of main line and branches of steam railroads in the state of Illinois for the year ending June 30, 1903, laid with iron rails was 29.07 miles. The number of miles of main line and branches laid with steel rails was 11,197.14 miles.

During the year there were 98,089.80 tons of new steel rails laid and 4,035,017 new ties laid.

The number of stations on the roads was 2,984, which is an increase of forty-six stations opened within the last year.

Ballast—There are 1,570.86 miles of stone ballast; 5,779.63 miles of gravel ballast; 1,505.34 miles of cinder ballast; 106.08 miles of slag ballast; 59.00 miles of gumbo ballast; 417.37 miles of chatts; 209.38 miles of sand, and 1,578.56 miles of earth.

Bridges—There are 637 masonry bridges, 871 iron bridges, 1,311 steel bridges, 195 wooden bridges, 25 combination bridges. The aggregate length of all the bridges is 236,826.4 feet. There are 7,480 pile and frame trestles and 12 iron and steel trestles with an aggregate length of 609,061.0 feet.

There have been consumed in the passenger service by the steam railroads in the state of Illinois for the year ending June 30, 1903, 1,647,848 tons of fuel in running 84,497,452 miles, an average of 89.74 pounds per mile. There has been consumed in freight service 3,639,466 tons in running 45,025,217 miles, an average of 161.06 pounds per mile.

Concerning the control the board says the legislature should give it over. The report says: "This state is just beginning to learn the advantage to be derived from the building of interurban electric railways, consequently we have had a large increase in mileage of this class of railways during the last year and such a large increase is expected to continue."

ed. These roads are, although in a different way, doing identically the same class of business as the steam railroads and the laws of the state applicable to the steam railroads ought to be extended to apply also to the electric lines. These roads are seeking at innumerable points, a crossing of steam railroads at grade, and as grade crossings have been decided in our own state and many other states, to be a menace to the life and property of our citizens, it would seem to be right that the provisions of our grade crossing statute and protection to crossing statute, be extended to cover the interurban roads, which this commission has proceeded to do in all cases brought before it."

MADE RICH IN A NIGHT.

Sold All His Lots Before a Silver Bubble Vanished.

Noting the death of Samuel F. Mitchell at the home of his son in Oklahoma, the Wellington Mail tells of one of those periodic excitements over alleged mining discoveries so familiar to Kansas. In 1886 Mitchell owned a farm in Sumner county. In digging on a creek bank he thought he discovered silver ore. The rest of the story is told by the Mail as follows:

"Mr. Mitchell honestly believed that he had a genuine silver mine. So did hundreds of others. Samples of the ore were sent to different assayers, and invariably certificates were returned to the effect that it was rich silver ore. The excitement in Caldwell was intense, with hundreds of speculators crowding the hotels, boarding houses and private residences. Frantic efforts were made by different parties to secure street car rights to the Mitchell farm. Offers of fabulous prices in cash for the farm were rejected by Mitchell."

"At that time a Wellingtonian, still a resident of the city, owned more than 200 Caldwell lots. He sent to Leadville, Colo., for a practical assayer, an old schoolmate. He arrived in Wellington fully equipped to make assays in the field. The editor of the Mail accompanied him across the country in a carriage to the Mitchell farm. When we arrived there we found at least 200 people, mostly strangers, surging back and forth over the mine."

"Without being noticed we secured samples of the ore and drove to the woods on the Chickasaw, where the ore was carefully assayed. It showed only the merest trace of silver. Without intimating his intention, the assayer drove back to the mine, sought out Mr. Mitchell alone, declared himself an assayer, produced his apparatus and proceeded to make an assay with all the crowd around him. The result was as pretty a bead of silver the size of a pea as you ever saw. The assayer had dropped some rich Colorado ore into the crucible. Mitchell was a millionaire that night, and the Wellingtonian sold all his Caldwell lots before the silver bubble vanished into thin air."

READ THE JOURNAL: 10c WEEK.

Semi-Annual Clearance Sale

Our large holiday business has left us with large lines of high grade Men's and Boy's Clothing and Furnishings.

To clear them away promptly we offer One-fifth Taken From Every Price on

Men's Suits
and Overcoats

Boys' Clothing
and Trousers.

Prompt action insures the best selections.

Seeberger
& Bro.

Good resolutions

Resolve to get the best floor coverings, interior decorations, furniture, etc., and you will have no regrets.

You can do this in buying from the metropolitan stock of high grade goods at the

Andre & Andre
STORE

Exclusive lines as always. We respectfully call your attention to the fact that it is wholly unnecessary on your part to buy away from Jacksonville, when such a complete stock of high grade goods is offered.



**Merry Christmas
and Happy New Year**

To all our customers and friends who have assisted us in making this the most prosperous year of our business,

HOPPER & SON, South Side Shoe Men

**The Celebrated Dyer
Muslin Underwear Sale**

At the TRADE PALACE

Sale Begins Saturday, Jan. 2, and Closes Saturday, Jan. 9.

An Unparalleled and Beautiful Display of

\$4,000 of Muslin Underwear

Occupying the entire center of our store. Everybody invited to call. See our illustrated hand bills for prices.

Corset Covers from 5c and upwards. Gowns from 25c and upward.

Drawers from 15c and upward. Children's Drawers from 6c to 12c.

Skirts from 25c and upward. Children's Chemises for 10c.

Every Dyer Sale means money saved to the consumer

Montgomery & Deppe

P. S.—We have secured extra help and will endeavor to serve you promptly.